SAMPLE PRE-ADVERSE ACTION NOTIFICATION NEW YORK CITY

<Date>

<Applicant/Employee Name/Volunteer Name>

<Address>

<City>, <State> <Zip Code>

Dear <Applicant/Employee/Volunteer Name>

You recently authorized **[INSERT NAME OF COMPANY]** (the “Company”)to obtain consumer reports and/or investigative consumer reports about you from a consumer reporting agency. The Company is considering taking action in whole or in part based on information in such report(s), including the following specific items identified in the report:

**<List specific items>**

We will evaluate the information in your report on an individualized case-by-case basis in accordance with applicable law. If you believe that there is additional information that may help us better evaluate your fitness for this position, including evidence of rehabilitation or mitigating circumstances, please contact **<name of individual/department and phone number within your business/organization that the applicant can contact >** immediately.

Enclosed please find (1) a copy of the report we obtained from **IntelliCorp Records, 3000 Auburn Drive, Suite 410, Beachwood, Ohio 44122; Tel. No. 1.866.202.1436; E-mail** **reinvestigation@intellicorp.net****;** [**www.intellicorp.net**](http://www.intellicorp.net); (2) A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, and (3) Article 23-A of the New York Correction Law.

If you are a New York City resident or applying to a position in New York City, additionally enclosed is a copy of the New York City Fair Chance Act Notice form.

If you wish to dispute the accuracy of the information in the report directly with the consumer reporting agency (i.e., the source of the information contained in the report), you should contact the agency identified above directly.

If we do not hear from you within **< X number of business days (recommended 10 day window); in NYC, this must be at least 3 business days after RECEIPT by consumer of pre-adverse action letter>** days, we will make our employment decision based on the information currently available to us.

In the event that an adverse employment action is taken based upon information contained in the pre-employment background screen, the Company will provide you notice of such action.

Sincerely,

<Company Representative Name>

<Title>

Enclosures:
A Summary of Your Rights Under the FCRA
Consumer Report

Article 23-A of the New York Correction Law

New York Fair Chance Act Notice

Fair Chance Evaluation Form



*Applicant Name*

**Fair Chance Act Notice for Job Applicants**

After extending a conditional offer of employment, we checked your criminal record. Based on the enclosed check, we have reservations about hiring you for the position of , and

may decide to retract our job offer for reasons explained below. We invite you to provide us with any information that could help us decide to offer you the job. If you choose to provide us with additional information you have

 days (must be at least five business days) from the date you receive this to do so.

If you wish to respond, please contact .

 In your response, you may:

* Tell us about any errors on your criminal record;
* Give us any additional information you’d like us to consider after reviewing this notice.

|  |
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| **The following factors were considered, as required by Article 23-A of the New York State Correction Law, before making our determination:** |
| **A.** [ ] The government encourages employers to hire people with criminal records. |
| **B.** [ ]  The specific duties and responsibilities of the job, which are:1. 2. 3. 4.  |
| **C.** ☐ We believe your record impacts your fitness or ability to perform these duties and responsibilities because: |
| [To be completed only with respect to convictions, not pending cases.]**D.** [ ]  How long ago your criminal activity, not your conviction, occurred: years months |
| **E.** [ ] Your age when your alleged/convicted criminal activity (not your arrest or conviction) occurred: years old If you were 25 or younger, we consider this a mitigating factor. |
| **F.** [ ]  The seriousness of the conduct that led to your criminal record, which is: |
| **G.** [ ]  Your evidence of rehabilitation and good conduct, which is listed below.1. 2. 3. *If you have additional documents we should consider, please send them, including evidence that you attended school, job training, or counseling; or are involved with your community. They can include letters from people who know you, like teachers, counselors, supervisors, clergy, and parole or probation officers.* |
| **H.** [ ] Our legitimate interest in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public, which is: |
| **I.** [ ]  Your certificate(s) of relief or certificate of good conduct shows that you are rehabilitated. If you did not have a certificate, we did not hold that against you. |
| **Based on these factors, we may deny you the job because** *(choose one or both below)*: |
| We believe there is a direct relationship between your criminal record and the job we offered to you, and the factors listed above do not lessen that relationship because: |
| Your criminal record creates an unreasonable risk to specific persons, the general public, or our property because: |

Bill de Blasio, Mayor | Carmelyn P. Malalis, Commissioner/Chair | NYC.gov/HumanRights |  @NYCCHR

**NEW YORK CORRECTION LAW**

**ARTICLE 23-A**

**LICENSURE AND EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS PREVIOUSLY**

**CONVICTED OF ONE OR MORE CRIMINAL OFFENSES**

**Section 750. Definitions.**

**751. Applicability.**

**752. Unfair discrimination against persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses prohibited.**

**753. Factors to be considered concerning a previous criminal conviction; presumption.**

**754. Written statement upon denial of license or employment.**

**755. Enforcement.**

§**750. Definitions**. For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(1) "Public agency" means the state or any local subdivision thereof, or any state or local department, agency, board or commission.

(2) "Private employer" means any person, company, corporation, labor organization or association which employs ten or more persons.

(3) "Direct relationship" means that the nature of criminal conduct for which the person was convicted has a direct bearing on his fitness or ability to perform one or more of the duties or responsibilities necessarily related to the license, opportunity, or

job in question.

(4) "License" means any certificate, license, permit or grant of permission required by the laws of this state, its political subdivisions or instrumentalities as a condition for the lawful practice of any occupation, employment, trade, vocation, business, or profession. Provided, however, that "license" shall not, for the purposes of this article, include any license or permit to own, possess, carry, or fire any explosive, pistol, handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other firearm.

(5) "Employment" means any occupation, vocation or employment, or any form of vocational or educational training. Provided, however, that "employment" shall not, for the purposes of this article, include membership in any law enforcement agency.

§**751. Applicability.** The provisions of this article shall apply to any application by any person for a license or employment at any public or private employer, who has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction, and to any license or employment held by any person whose conviction of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction preceded such employment or granting of a license, except where a mandatory forfeiture, disability or bar to employment is imposed by law, and has not been removed by an executive pardon, certificate of relief from disabilities or certificate of good conduct. Nothing in this article shall be construed to affect any right an employer may have with respect to an intentional

misrepresentation in connection with an application for employment made by a prospective employee or previously made by a current employee.

**§752. Unfair discrimination against persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses prohibited**. No application for anylicense or employment, and no employment or license held by anindividual, to which the provisions of this article are applicable,shall be denied or acted upon adversely by reason of theindividual's having been previously convicted of one or more criminaloffenses, or by reason of a finding of lack of "good moral character"when such finding is based upon the fact that the individual haspreviously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses, unless:

(1) There is a direct relationship between one or more of the previous criminal offenses and the specific license or employment sought or held by the individual; or

(2) the issuance or continuation of the license or the granting or continuation of the employment would involve an unreasonable risk to property or to the safety or welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

**§753. Factors to be considered concerning a previous criminal conviction; presumption.**

1. In making a determination pursuant tosection seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency orprivate employer shall consider the following factors:

(a) The public policy of this state, as expressed in this act, to encourage the licensure and employment of persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses.

(b) The specific duties and responsibilities necessarily related to the license or employment sought or held by the person.

(c) The bearing, if any, the criminal offense or offenses for which the person was previously convicted will have on his fitness or ability to perform one or more such duties or responsibilities.

(d) The time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.

(e) The age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.

(f) The seriousness of the offense or offenses.

(g) Any information produced by the person, or produced on his behalf, in regard to his rehabilitation and good conduct.

(h) The legitimate interest of the public agency or private employer in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

2. In making a determination pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency or private employer shall also give consideration to a certificate of relief from disabilities or a certificate of good conduct issued to the applicant, which certificate shall create a presumption of rehabilitation in regard to the offense or offenses specified therein.

**§754. Written statement upon denial of license or employment.** At the request of any person previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses who has been denied a license or employment, a public agency or private employer shall provide, within thirty days of a request, a written statement setting forth the reasons for such denial.

**§755. Enforcement.**

1. In relation to actions by public agencies, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by a proceeding brought pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

2. In relation to actions by private employers, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by the division of human rights pursuant to the powers and procedures set forth in article fifteen of the executive law, and, concurrently, by the New York city commission on human rights.

*Para información en español, visite* [*www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore*](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) *o escribe a la Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.*

**A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act**

The federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) promotes the accuracy, fairness, and privacy of information in the files of consumer reporting agencies. There are many types of consumer reporting agencies, including credit bureaus and specialty agencies (such as agencies that sell information about check writing histories, medical records, and rental history records). Here is a summary of your major rights under FCRA. **For more information, including information about additional rights, go to** [**www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore**](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) **or write to: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552.**

* **You must be told if information in your file has been used against you.** Anyone who uses a credit report or another type of consumer report to deny your application for credit, insurance, or employment – or to take another adverse action against you – must tell you, and must give you the name, address, and phone number of the agency that provided the information.
* **You have the right to know what is in your file.** You may request and obtain all the information about you in the files of a consumer reporting agency (your “file

disclosure”). You will be required to provide proper identification, which may include your Social Security number. In many cases, the disclosure will be free. You are entitled to a free file disclosure if:

* + a person has taken adverse action against you because of information in your credit report;
	+ you are the victim of identity theft and place a fraud alert in your file;
	+ your file contains inaccurate information as a result of fraud;
	+ you are on public assistance;
	+ you are unemployed but expect to apply for employment within 60 days.

In addition, all consumers are entitled to one free disclosure every 12 months upon request from each nationwide credit bureau and from nationwide specialty consumer reporting agencies. See [www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) for additional information.

* **You have the right to ask for a credit score.** Credit scores are numerical summaries of your credit-worthiness based on information from credit bureaus. You may request a credit score from consumer reporting agencies that create scores or distribute scores used in residential real property loans, but you will have to pay for it. In some mortgage transactions, you will receive credit score information for free from the mortgage lender.
* **You have the right to dispute incomplete or inaccurate information.** If you identify information in your file that is incomplete or inaccurate, and report it to the consumer

reporting agency, the agency must investigate unless your dispute is frivolous. See [www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore) for an explanation of dispute procedures.

* **Consumer reporting agencies must correct or delete inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information.** Inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information must be removed or corrected, usually within 30 days. However, a consumer reporting agency may continue to report information it has verified as accurate.
* **Consumer reporting agencies may not report outdated negative information.** In most cases, a consumer reporting agency may not report negative information that is more than seven years old, or bankruptcies that are more than 10 years old.
* **Access to your file is limited.** A consumer reporting agency may provide information about you only to people with a valid need – usually to consider an application with a creditor, insurer, employer, landlord, or other business. The FCRA specifies those with a valid need for access.
* **You must give your consent for reports to be provided to employers.** A consumer reporting agency may not give out information about you to your employer, or a potential employer, without your written consent given to the employer. Written consent generally is not required in the trucking industry. For more information, go to [www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore).
* **You may limit “prescreened” offers of credit and insurance you get based on information in your credit report.** Unsolicited “prescreened” offers for credit and insurance must include a toll-free phone number you can call if you choose to remove your name and address from the lists these offers are based on. You may opt out with the nationwide credit bureaus at 1-888-5-OPTOUT (1-888-567-8688).
* The following FCRA right applies with respect to nationwide consumer reporting agencies**:**

**CONSUMERS HAVE THE RIGHT TO OBTAIN A SECURITY FREEZE**

**You have a right to place a “security freeze” on your credit report, which will prohibit a consumer reporting agency from releasing information in your credit report without your express authorization.** The security freeze is designed to prevent credit, loans, and services from being approved in your name without your consent.

However, you should be aware that using a security freeze to take control over who gets access to the personal and financial information in your credit report may delay, interfere with, or prohibit the timely approval of any subsequent request or application you make regarding a new loan, credit, mortgage, or any other account involving the extension of credit.

As an alternative to a security freeze, you have the right to place an initial or extended fraud alert on your credit file at no cost. An initial fraud alert is a 1-year alert that is

placed on a consumer’s credit file. Upon seeing a fraud alert display on a consumer’s credit file, a business is required to take steps to verify the consumer’s identity before

extending new credit. If you are a victim of identity theft, you are entitled to an extended fraud alert, which is a fraud alert lasting 7 years.

A security freeze does not apply to a person or entity, or its affiliates, or collection agencies acting on behalf of the person or entity, with which you have an existing account that requests information in your credit report for the purposes of reviewing or collecting the account. Reviewing the account includes activities related to account maintenance, monitoring, credit line increases, and account upgrades and enhancements.

* **You may seek damages from violators.** If a consumer reporting agency, or, in some cases, a user of consumer reports or a furnisher of information to a consumer reporting agency violates the FCRA, you may be able to sue in state or federal court.
* **Identity theft victims and active duty military personnel have additional rights.** For more information, visit [www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore).

**States may enforce the FCRA, and many states have their own consumer reporting laws. In some cases, you may have more rights under state law. For more information, contact your state or local consumer protection agency or your state Attorney General. For information about your federal rights, contact:**

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| **TYPE OF BUSINESS:** | **CONTACT:** |
| 1.a. Banks, savings associations, and credit unions with total assets of over $10 billion and their affiliatesb. Such affiliates that are not banks, savings associations, or credit unions also should list, in addition to the CFPB: | 1. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau 1700 G Street, N.W.

Washington, DC 205521. Federal Trade Commission Consumer Response Center

600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.Washington, DC 20580(877) 382-4357 |
| 1. To the extent not included in item 1 above:
	1. National banks, federal savings associations, and federal branches and federal agencies of foreign banks
	2. State member banks, branches and agencies of foreign banks (other than federal branches, federal agencies, and Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks), commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, and organizations operating under section 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act.
	3. Nonmember Insured Banks, Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks, and insured state savings associations
	4. Federal Credit Unions
 | 1. Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Customer Assistance Group

1301 McKinney Street, Suite 3450Houston, TX 77010-90501. Federal Reserve Consumer Help Center

P.O. Box 1200 Minneapolis, MN 554801. FDIC Consumer Response Center 1100 Walnut Street, Box #11 Kansas City, MO 64106
2. National Credit Union Administration

Office of Consumer Financial Protection (OCFP) Division of Consumer Compliance Policy and Outreach 1775 Duke StreetAlexandria, VA 22314 |
| 3. Air carriers | Asst. General Counsel for Aviation Enforcement & Proceedings Aviation Consumer Protection DivisionDepartment of Transportation 1200 New Jersey Avenue, S.E. Washington, DC 20590 |
| 4. Creditors Subject to the Surface Transportation Board | Office of Proceedings, Surface Transportation Board Department of Transportation395 E Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20423 |
| 5. Creditors Subject to the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 | Nearest Packers and Stockyards Administration area supervisor |
| 6. Small Business Investment Companies | Associate Deputy Administrator for Capital Access United States Small Business Administration409 Third Street, S.W., Suite 8200Washington, DC 20416 |
| 7. Brokers and Dealers | Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, N.E.Washington, DC 20549 |
| 8. Federal Land Banks, Federal Land Bank Associations, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and Production Credit Associations | Farm Credit Administration 1501 Farm Credit Drive McLean, VA 22102-5090 |
| 9. Retailers, Finance Companies, and All Other Creditors Not Listed Above | Federal Trade Commission Consumer Response Center600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.Washington, DC 20580(877) 382-4357 |